

PHONICS POLICY

Policy Formally Approved	
Policy to be Reviewed	September 2022

It is the responsibility of the **Standards Committee** to review this policy and bring it forward to the full Governing Body for approval.

Headteacher:[Date:
Chair of Committee:	Date:
Chair of Governors	Date

Signed by

Our aim at Fressingfield Primary School is for children to develop a love of reading and to become confident, secure readers by the end of Key Stage 1. We want our children to quickly develop automatic decoding skills and to progress rapidly from 'learning to read' to 'reading to learn.'

The ultimate goal of learning to read is comprehension. It follows that, in order to comprehend written texts, children must learn to recognise – decode – the words on the page. The Rose Report (2006) identified that the teaching of an effective, systematic, synthetic phonics programme is the most effective approach to teaching children to read. The Department for Education reaffirms this view and requires all educational settings to implement such a programme.

We teach reading through Pearson's Bug Club Phonics – one of the government's approved providers.

INTENT

At Fressingfield Primary School, we aim to deliver high quality phonics teaching which secures the crucial skills of sound/ word recognition that, once mastered, enable children to read fluently and automatically enabling them to concentrate on the meaning of the text.

We do this by ensuring knowledge is taught through appropriate coverage, content, structure and sequencing and that our phonics programme is implemented effectively to the bespoke needs of our children.

We aim to establish consistent practice, progression and continuity in the teaching and learning of phonics and spelling throughout the school.

We do this through responsive teaching, assessment and good subject knowledge and pedagogy so that the curriculum is rich and varied to appeal to all learners.

Within the phonics program we give children word work strategies that will enable them to become fluent readers and confident writers.

IMPLEMENTATION

NURSERY

Phase 1 phonics is taught over 3 sessions weekly by the Nursery Nurse and Teaching Assistants.

The staff use the games and activities in Letters and Sounds to develop

- To train children's ears to the sounds around them auditory discrimination
- Auditory memory and sequencing
- Oral segmentation and blending skills
- Developing vocabulary and language comprehension

Picture talk books are used as a basis for new words and vocabulary.

Activities include phase one phonics activities, knowledge and understanding activities and vocabulary activities. Phase 1 is taught continuously throughout the year.

RECEPTION & KEY STAGE 1

Bug Club Phonics is one of the DfE's approved phonics teaching programmes and aims to help all children learn to read by the age of six in a fun and accessible way. Following its own proven progression, the programme matches the National Curriculum and Early Learning Goals and follows the progression outlined in Letters and Sounds. It uses well known characters from children's television; interactive games and rewards to keep the children motivated.

Reading Material: Bug Club Phonics decodable readers match the order in which grapheme-phoneme correspondences are introduced in class, giving children the opportunity to practise their blending skills and to consolidate their knowledge. Each child is allocated the relevant eBook to match with the correct phonic phase. The eBooks are invaluable in helping pupils practise reading at home as they include a phoneme pronunciation guide to aid pupils' blending skills.

Assessment: Bug Club Phonics includes formative and summative assessments. The daily sessions include whole-class revision and new phoneme focus sections which identify those children who need immediate extra support during the subsequent guided independent work. Digital games are also provided to offer ample opportunities to assess pupils' progress in a low-stakes, fun way. Summative assessments are included at the end of each unit and phase ensuring frequent and detailed feedback for teachers to act on.

Adaptation: Bug Club Phonics is purposefully designed to keep all pupils together as much as possible. The Clackmannanshire research (which underpins the programme) showed that keeping the children together during the daily Phoneme Sessions fostered a sense of social inclusion and boosted the performance of the children who were progressing more slowly. Bug Club Phonics is carefully mapped out to ensure teachers can cover the required curriculum before the Year 1 Phonics Screening Check. There are guidelines on how to pace the lessons and units within the teacher guides. Within each lesson, there are opportunities for independent work, where differentiated resources can be used, such as the differentiated Language Session worksheets (from unit 5 onwards) to ensure the work given to each pupil is demanding, challenging and builds their knowledge.

Phonics Screening Check: In the summer term, Year 1 children will take a Phonics Screening Check in which children will be expected to read 40 decodable 'words'. This progress check identifies those children not at the expected level in reading – and these children will be re-checked in Year 2.

Phase 6: Children who are secure at phase 5 go onto phase 6, focusing on spelling. Sessions include direct teaching of spelling strategies, proofreading, highfrequency words. This will be completed in spelling lessons and homework activities.

Additional Support: If there is a need, pupils will be given extra support to help them improve reading skills and make progress. Support will also be provided for older pupils who may be experiencing difficulty in reading/writing because they have missed or misunderstood a crucial phase of systematic phonics teaching. Some of this support is delivered using NELI (Nuffield Early Language Intervention).

KEY STAGE 2

Some children continue to require support to consolidate their phonological understanding through Key Stage 2. This support is delivered in a variety of ways:

- Early Birds Phonics Small Groups
- 1:1 Reading and phonics intervention including:
 - Catch-Up Literacy
 - Nessy Spelling and Nessy Phonics
 - BEAT Dyslexia
 - STILE Phonics and STILE Comprehension

TIME AND ORGANISATION

RECEPTION & KS1

Five 25 minute phonics sessions are taught each week. Generally, a new phoneme (phoneme-grapheme correspondence) will be introduced in four of these sessions (Monday – Thursday) with a review session taking place on Friday. Follow-up tasks are available in Reception for independent work and are used in Key Stage 1 as both Early Morning Tasks and independent tasks during Guided Reading. Each class also runs Guided Reading

sessions and a literacy lesson every day. In Reception, children are also heard read 1:1 at least once every week. In Key Stage 1, priority readers are heard as frequently as every day as necessary.

Books and book bags are sent home each night and every pupil has a reading record to enable school/parent communication. Reading books are exactly matched to a child's phonic ability through Reception and Key Stage 1 using the Bug Club Phonics books. These are also available as digital books. Throughout the school, children receive rewards when they read at home and this is communicated in the reading record.

HOME/ SCHOOL PARTNERSHIP- PARENTAL INVOLVEMENT

Reading workshops are provided for parents to come in and learn about the way that phonics is taught. This takes the form of an introduction to phonics followed by participation or observation of a modelled phonics lesson. Booklets to support the learning are shared offering advice for supporting phonics at home.

THE ROLE OF THE HEADTEACHER

- To ensure that the National Curriculum is implemented.
- To encourage and support the subject leaders approach to English development across the Curriculum.
- To support and encourage all staff in the teaching of English.
- To promote English in school.
- To make necessary resources available to enable the development of English.

THE ROLE OF THE SUBJECT LEADER

- To review and monitor the planning, teaching and assessment of Phonics and follow-up concerns.
- To promote English across school.
- To provide good examples of the teaching of Phonics in the classroom.
- To make resources available.
- To plan for future development through action plans.
- To work alongside staff when required.
- Attend relevant courses and give information back to staff.
- Arrange INSET courses for staff.
- Encourage parental involvement.

ROLE OF THE STAFF

- To ensure that phonics is used in the classroom in line with the National Curriculum.
- To implement the teaching of phonic with fidelity to our chosen scheme (Bug Club Phonics).
- To assess the children's progress and ensure interventions are in place for those not making the expected progress.
- To ensure that there is equality of opportunity in the teaching of phonics.
- To inform the co-ordinator of any problems which may arise in the implementation of phonics.
- Teach and assess the children in phonics.

ROLE OF THE GOVERNING BODY

- The Governors will monitor the development and implementation of Phonics in school.

Review This policy is to be reviewed every year.

APPENDIX 1

PHONICS PROGRESSION CHART

FRESSINGFIELD PRIMARY SCHOOL

WHEN TAUGHT	PHONIC PHASE	UNIT	SOUNDS COVERED	EXAMPLE WORDS	TRICKY WORDS
NURSERY	1		auditory		
&			discrimination,		
RECPTION			memory and		
FIRST HALF			sequencing.		
TERM			oral blending and		
			segmenting		
			developing language		
			and comprehansion		
RECEPTION	2	1	satp	sat, pat, tap	the to I no go into and
AUTUMN		2	i n m d	din, man	
TERM		3	gock	dog, cod, kip	
		4	ck e u r	rock, men, sun	
		5	h b f ff l ll ss	hill, puff, lip, mess, tub	
RECEPTION		6	jvwx	jog van web box	he she we me be was you they
SPRING		7	y z zz qu	yes zip fizz quiz	all are my her
AND		8	ch sh th th ng	chop ship cloth them hang	
SUMMER		9	ai ee igh oa oo oo	rain peel night coat book	
TERM				moon	
(RECAP		10	ar or ur ow oi	jar born surf cow soil	
YEAR 1		11	ear air ure er	hear pair cure sister	
AUTUMN)					
RECEPTION	4	12	ccvc and cvcc words		said have like so do some come
SUMMER					were there little one when out
TERM					what
(RECAP					
YEAR 1					
AUTUMN)					
YEAR 1	5	13	wh ph	whip dolphin	oh people their mr mrs looked
AUTUMN –		14	ay a-e eigh ey ei	spray plate weigh they reins	called asked
SUMMER		15	ea e-e ie ey y	sear these brief hockey very	
(RECAP		16	ie i-e y i	pie slide fly wild	
YEAR 2		17	ow o-e o oe	snow phone both toe	
AUTUMN)		18	ew ue u-e u oul	screw glue cute push should	
		19	aw au al	claw launch small	
		20	ir er ear	girl perk search	
		21	ou oy	cloud boy	
		22	ere eer are ear	here deer share bear	
		23	ch	school	
		24	c sc st(I) se	circus science castle horse	
		25	ge gi gy dge	gems magic energy dodge	
		26	le mb kn gn wr	purple thumb kneel gnome	
				wrist	
		27	tch ea s wa o	match bread treasure wash	
				come	
YEAR 2	6	28	ing ed	shopping jogged	
		29	s es	stars foxes	
		30	re un	reset unfair	

BUG CLUB PHONICS PROGRESSION CHARTS

Bug Club Phonics Progression Chart

In this chart we show the order in which we teach the GPCs and tricky words; the latter are taught by drawing children's attention to the unusual part of the spelling and letting them work out the rest for themselves using the taught GPCs and then blending for reading. This progression, and the method, follows what our research has shown to be very effective in rapidly developing independent reading skill in children. Our progression includes the early introduction of simple plurals and the 5' forms of verbs, as these are very common and open up children very quickly to a richer reading experience, as evidenced by our research. Daily lessons include revision not only of the previous day's new GPC, but the words that were read the day before are used for spelling and vice versa, for consolidation. Children quickly move to reading captions and sentences, and decodable readers are introduced from the 10th lesson. The lessons are in short, discrete sections which are repeated daily. We advocate whole class teaching, which is what we used in the Clackmannanshire Study; slower learning children can keep up with additional one-to-one teaching, or in small nurture groups, given by experienced practitioners. This gives these children a sense of social inclusion. Rhona Johnston (MBE)



Pre-Reception

Phase 1	Common Irregular Words/ High-frequency Words	Fiction	Non-fiction .
n/a	n/a	978129299599 9781292395401 9781292395418	9781292405261 9781292405278 9781292405285

Reception

Phase 2 Units 1 & 2	Common Irregular Words/ High-frequency Words	Fiction Non-fiction
s, a, t, p, i, n, m, d	n/a	97814082560197 97814082560203 97814082560227 9781408250241 9781408279472 9781408279489 9781292408088 9781292408085 9781292407852 9781292408071
Phase 2 Unit 3	Common Irregular Words/ High-frequency Words	Fiction Non-fiction
g, o, c, k	to	9781498250128 9781498250169 9781498250166 9781498270173 9781498270102 9781292498567 9781292498564 9781292497845

Phase 2 Unit 4	Common Irregular Words/ High-frequency Words	Fiction	Non-fiction
ck, e, u, r	the, no, go	9781408260142 9781408260180 9781408260210 9781408260258 9781408279519 9781408279528	9781292408026 9781292407814 9781292408033 9781292407821
Phase 2 Unit 5	Common Irregular Words/ High-frequency Words	Fiction	Non-fiction .
h, b, f, ff, i, ii, ss	l, into, her	9781408260104 9781408260111 9781408260135 9781408260234 9781408279533 9781438279540	9781292408033 9781292407999 9781292408002 9781292407869
Phase 3 Unit 6	Common Irregular Words/ High-frequency Words	Fiction	Non-fiction
j, v, w, x	me, be	9780433019336 9780502005436 9781408279557 9781408279564 97814082696418 9781408260425 9781408260562	9781406260289 9781406260388
Phase 3 Unit 7	Common Irregular Words/ High-frequency Words	Fiction	Non-fiction
y, z, zz, qu	he, my, by, she	THE ADDRESS AND A STANDARD AND A STANDARD STANDA	A Pichik





Year 1

Phase 5 Unit 13	Common Irregular Words/ High-frequency Words	Fiction	Non-fiction
wh, ph	oh, their, people	Where Whosperon Whizz was a warm of the wa	9781,292407975 9780433019503
Phase 5 Unit 14	Common Irregular Words/ High-frequency Words	Fiction	Non-fiction
long a: ay, a-e, eigh/ey/ei	Mr, Mrs, Ms	9780433019381 9781292395333 9781400250621 9781408279724	9/81 242-407876



Phase 5 Unit 23	Common Irregular Words/ High-frequency Words	Fiction	Non-fiction
c, k, ck, ch	two, once	9781408250883	9780433019558
Phase 5 Unit 24	Common Irregular Words/ High-frequency Words	Fiction	Non-fiction
ce/ci/cy, sc/stl/se	great, clothes	Rot's Great + Act 9780433019435	9781408260845
Phase 5 Unit 25	Comment to the second of the second of		
Phase 5 Unit 25	Common Irregular Words/ High-frequency Words	Fiction	Non-fiction
ge/gi/gy, dge	High-frequency Words it's, I'm, I'll, I've	9781292395371 9781408250875	Non-fiction Williams 9780433019565
	High-frequency Words		Wilter Will.

Phase 5 Unit 27	Common Irregular Words/ High-frequency Words	Fiction	Non-fiction
tch, sh, ea, zh, (w)a, o	first, second, third	9781292995388 9781408250913	9780433019572

Year 2

Phase 6 Unit 28	Common Irregular Words/ High-frequency Words	Fiction	Non-fiction
suffix morphemes: ing, ed	clearing, gleaming, rained, mailed	bug Chik Independent Phase 6 books c	an be found in Bug Club Independent
Phase 6 Unit 29	Common Irregular Words/ High-frequency Words	Fiction	Non-fiction
plural morphemes: s, es	men, mice, feet, teeth, sheep	Phase 6 books of independent	an be found in Bug Club Independent
Phase 6 Unit 30	Common Irregular Words/ High-frequency Words	Fiction	Non-fiction
prefix morphemes: re, un prefix + root + suffix	vowel consonant prefix suffix syllable	Thus Chill Phase 6 books co	an be found in Bug Club Independent